



P.O. BOX 25141 SHU'FAT, EAST JERUSALEM PHONE: +972-2-5840400 +972-2-583-0013/14 FAX: +972-2-583-1690 +972-2-5830806 Jerusalem@unicef.org http://www.unicef.org/oPt/index.html

Project Title

WADI ABU HINDI SCHOOL LOW ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REHABILITATION

Object

REHABILITATION OF ABU HINDI SCHOOL

Interventions for two classrooms and the courtyard October 2012

Organization

VENTO DI TERRA N.G.O.

via Franchi Maggi, 94 20089 - Rozzano (MI), Italy ventoditerra@ventoditerra.org www.ventoditerra.org



Architectural Design

ARCò - Architettura e Cooperazione Società Cooperativa

Società Cooperativa Via Lamarmora, 2 20122 - Milano, Italy info@ar-co.org www.ar-co.org



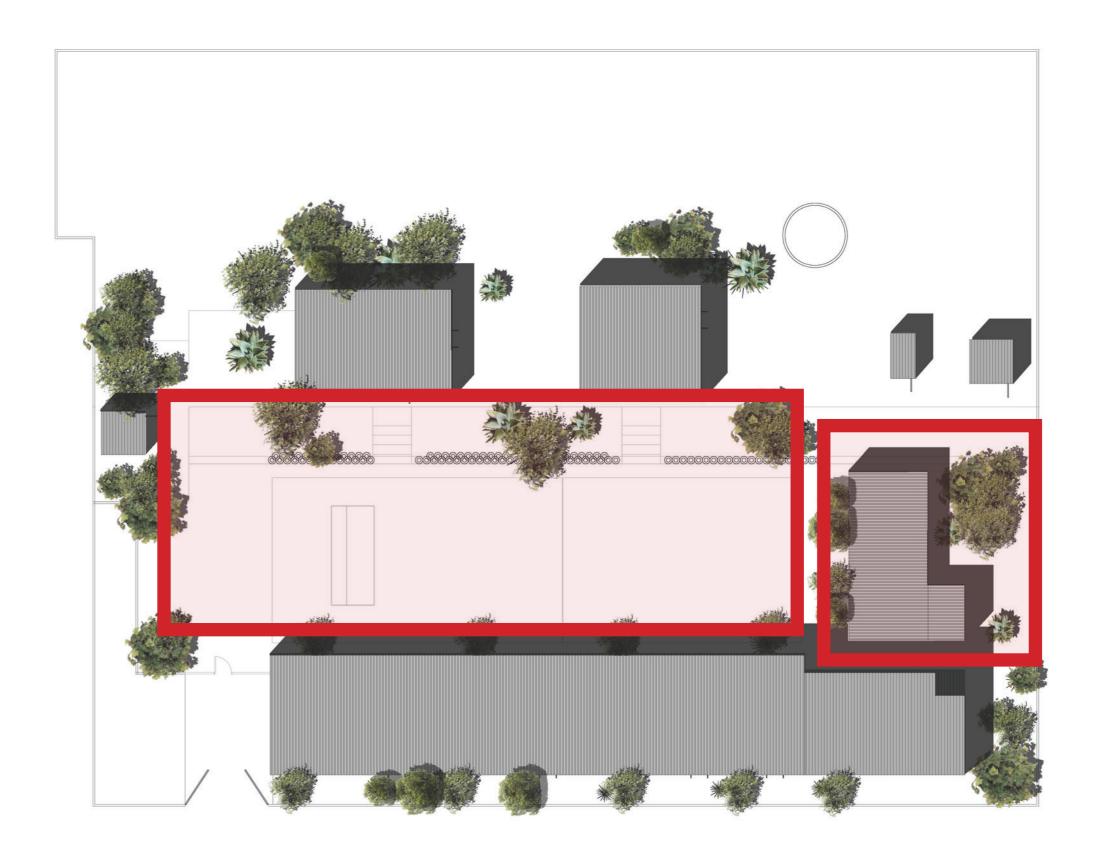


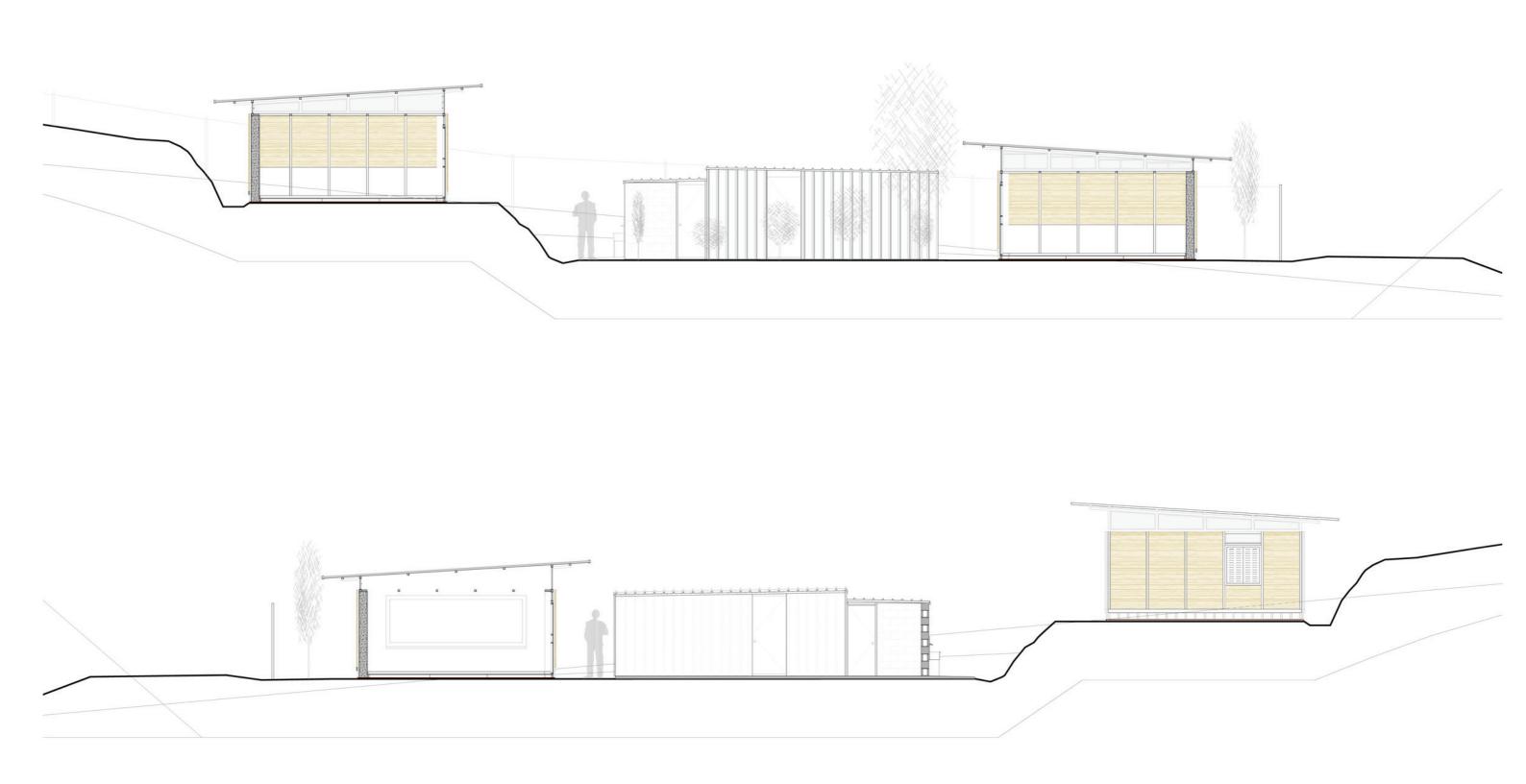
WADY ABU HINDI

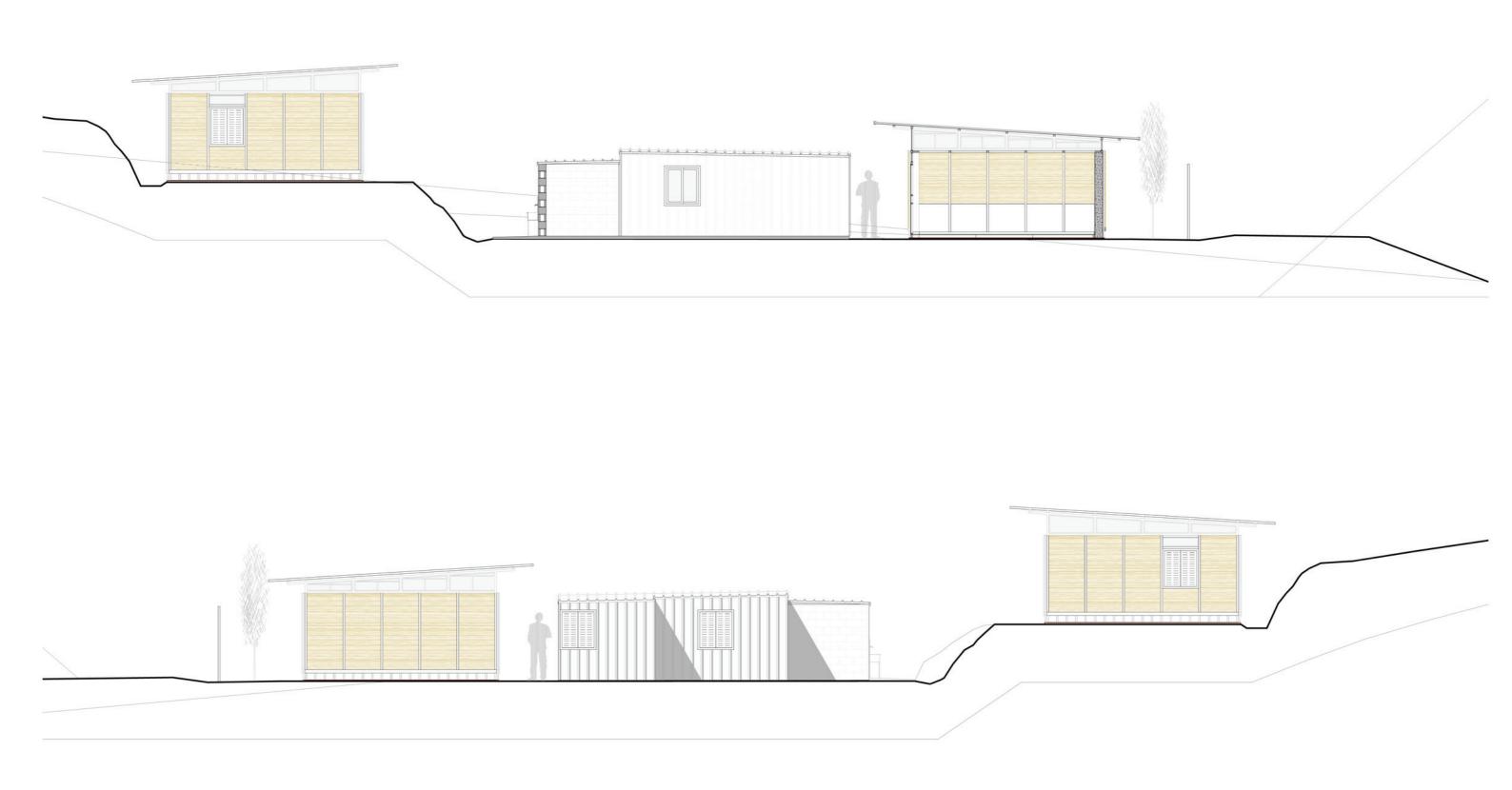




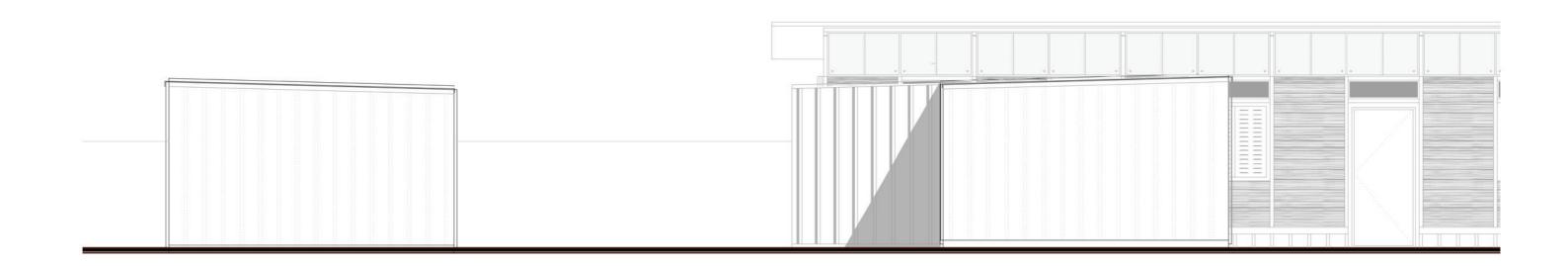


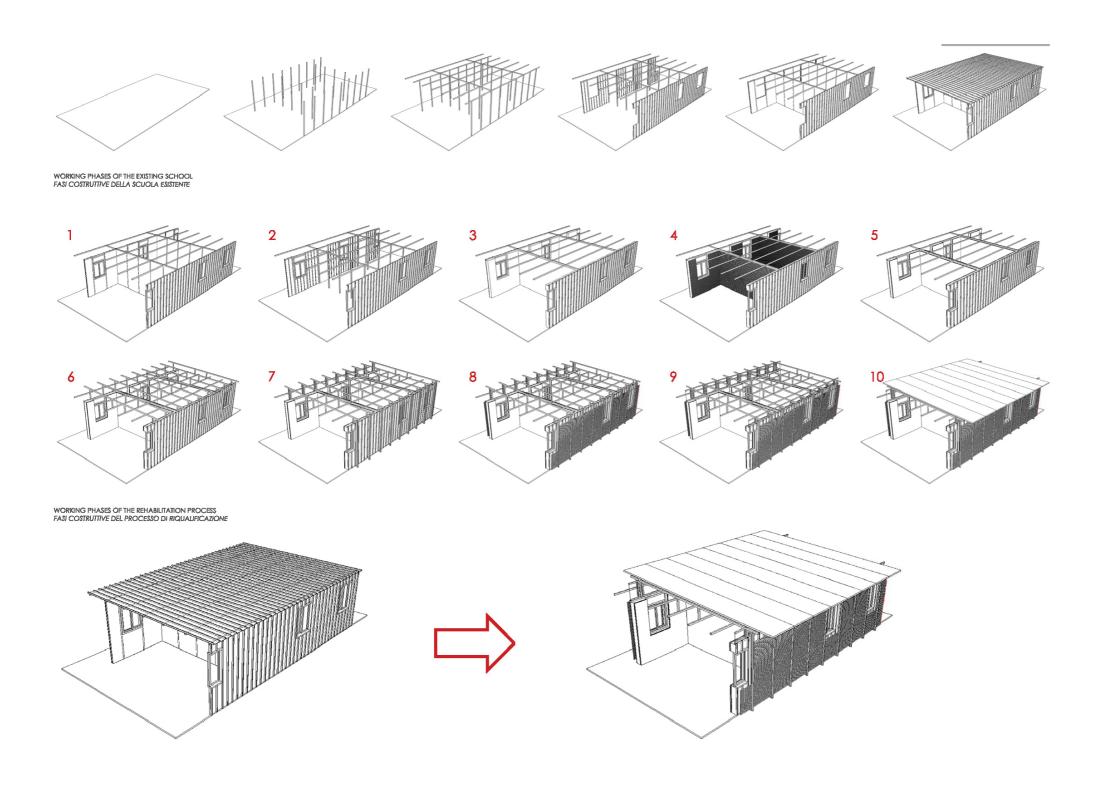












SANDWICH PANELS

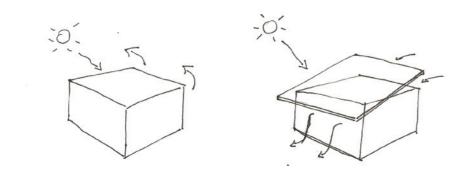




Example: whadi abu hindi - classrooms Wadi Abu Hindi West Bank, Palestine

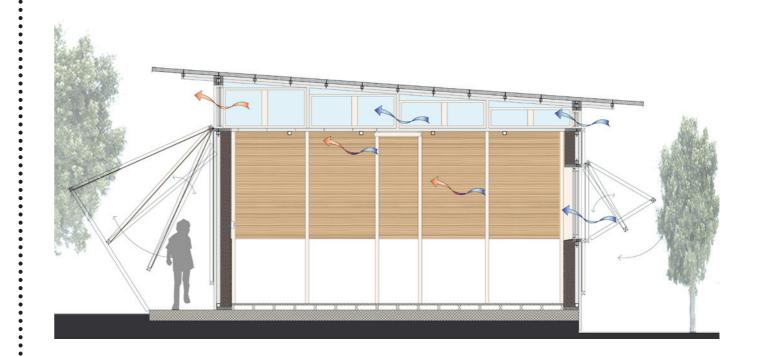


Sandwich panels are used in facades, roofs, compartmenting structures, partition walls and ceilings. Sandwich panel is a cost-efficient prefabricated element that has two colour-coated steel sheet layers with an inner insulation core between them. The insulating core can be mineral wool, polyurethane, polyisocyanurate or polystyrene.





Example: Abu Hindi SchoolWadi Abu Hindi
West Bank, Palestine



Cross ventilation is a principle on bioclimatic architecture which relies on wind to wind to force cool exterior air into the building through an inlet (window, door, etc.) and to force warm interior air out of the building through an outlet (window, door, etc.) placed opposite to the inlet, so that the air stream covers homogeneously all the interior spaces of the building. Its efficiency has to do with the correct proportion between the inlet-outlet elements size and the surface of the interior space, the orientation of the openings, and the main wind stream directions on the location.

PISÈ WALLS - STRAW, MUD AND BAMBÙ







Example: Wadi Abu Hindi School Wadi Abu Hindi

West Bank, Palestine

WHEN YOU HAVE WELL FIXED THEM, AND MADE A PANEL AROUND 1/2 METER HIGH
START PUTTING THE MIXTURE OF MUD, WATER AND STRAW YOU HAVE PREPARED





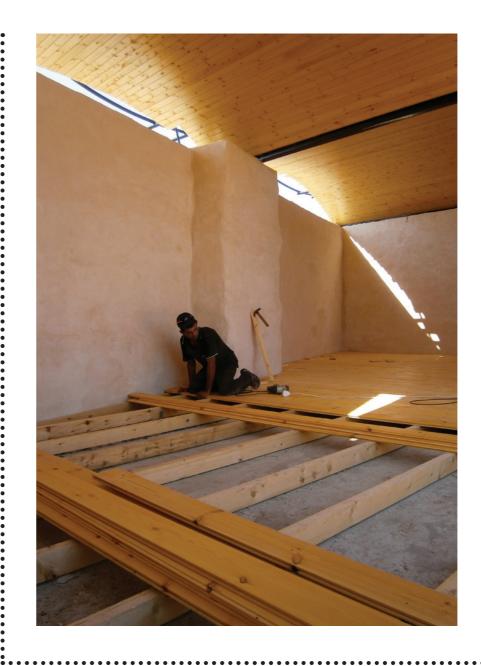
Rammed earth, or pisé (de terre) (French), is a technique for building walls using the raw materials of earth, chalk, lime and gravel. Rammed-earth walls are simple to construct, noncombustible, thermally massive, strong, and durable. The availability of useful soil and a building design appropriate for local climatic conditions are the factors that favour its use. A possible sollution is a mix of straw and mud and a finishing made of bambù.

WOODEN FLOOR

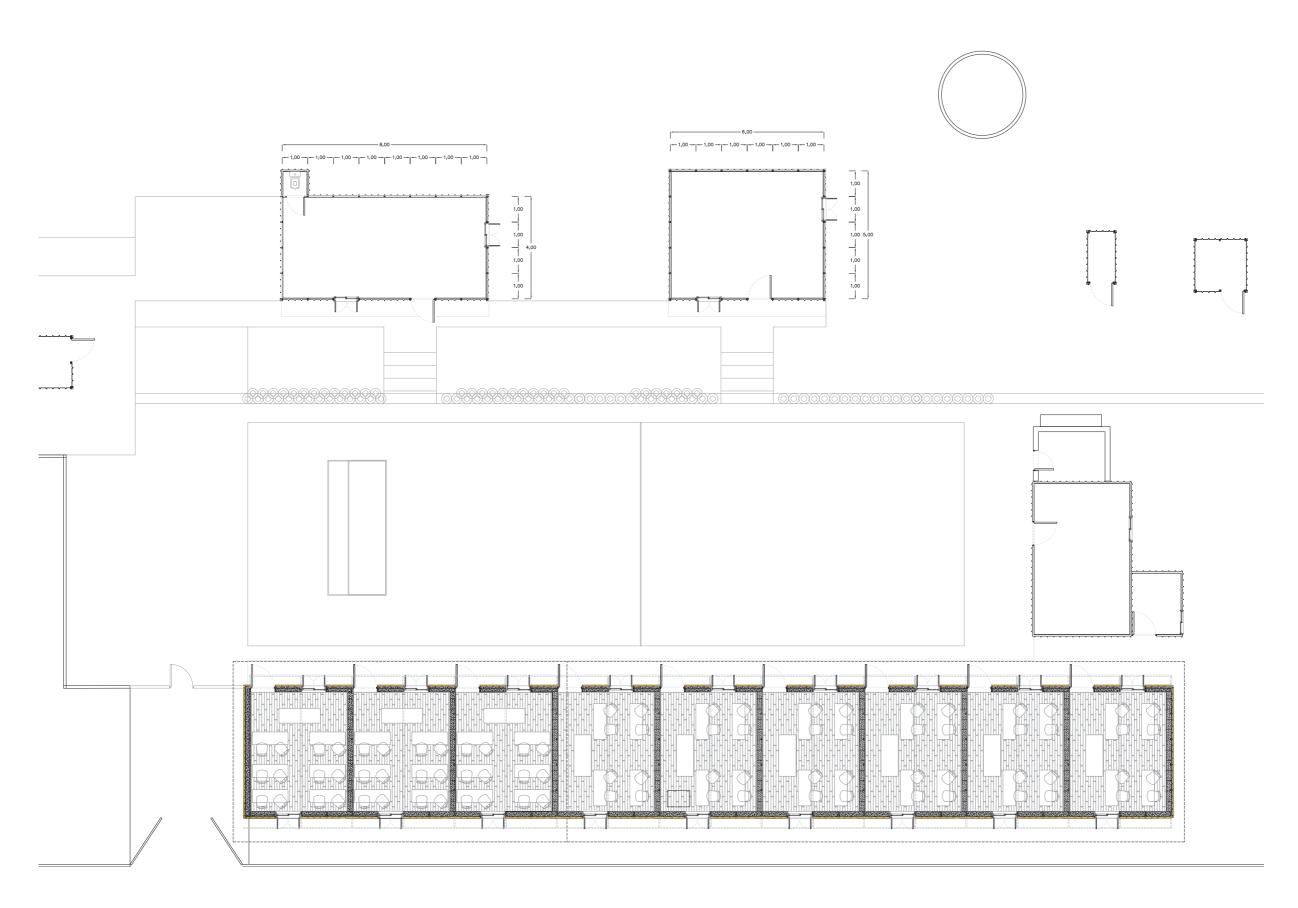




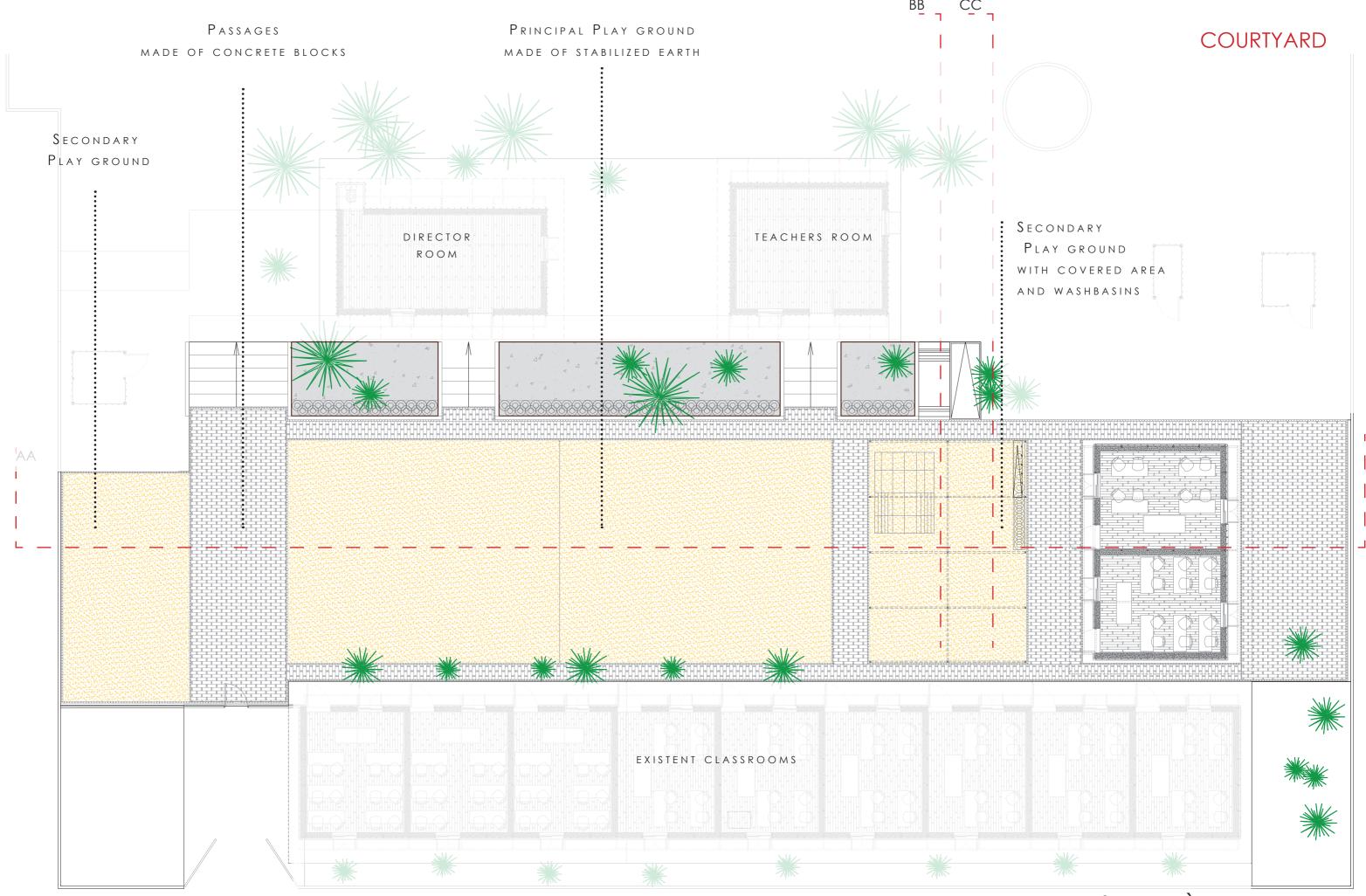
Example: Um al Naser child center Um al Nasser Gaza Strip, Palestine



Wooden floorboards provide an acceptable thermal insulation and contribute then to regulate the temperature of the interior spaces, as it contributes as well to the interior atmosphere warmth. The specific technique of installation will depend on the characteristics of the original floor or ground, and the wood must be treated properly against changes in humidity, also gravel or concrete layers may be needed underneath.

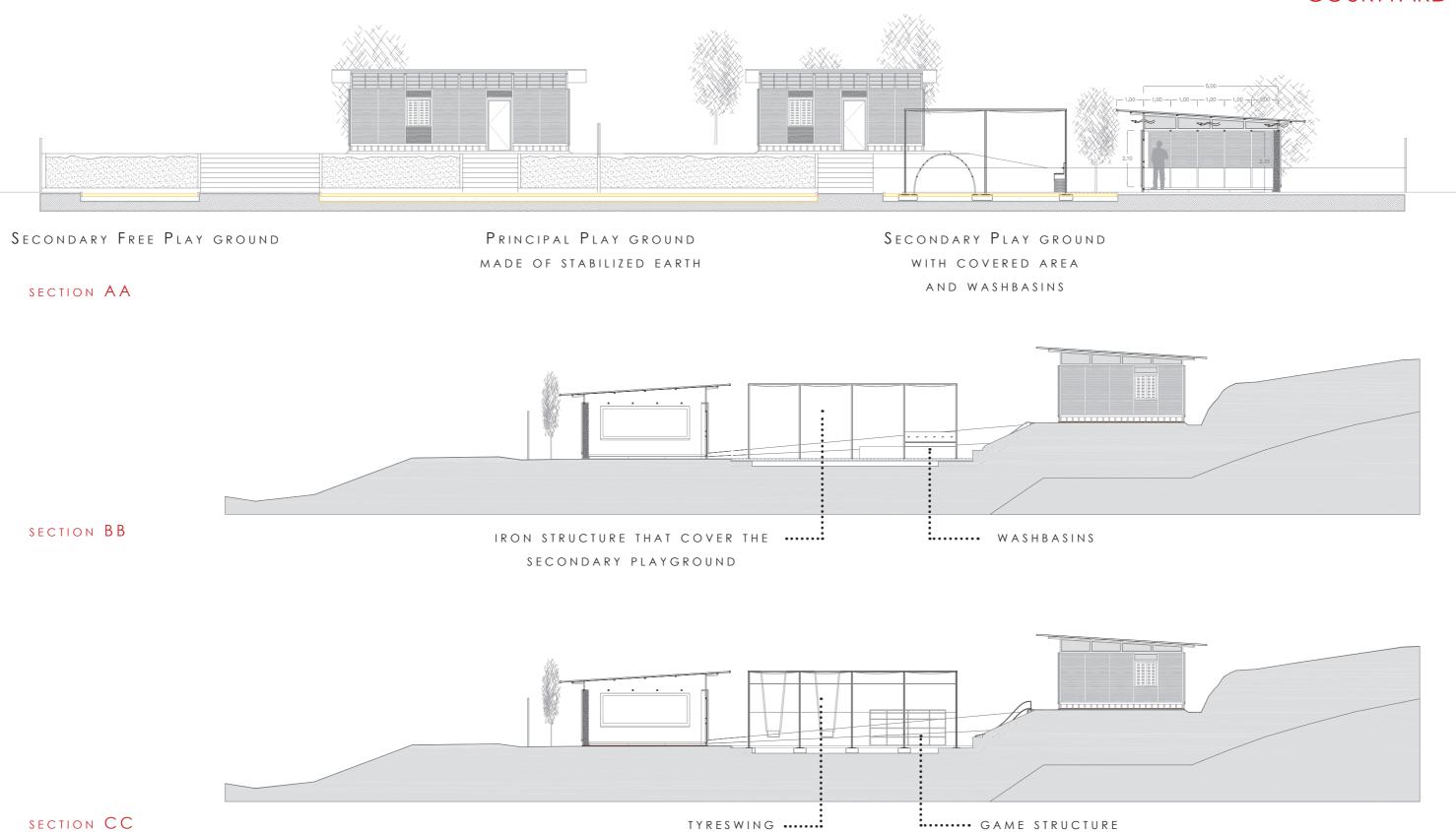


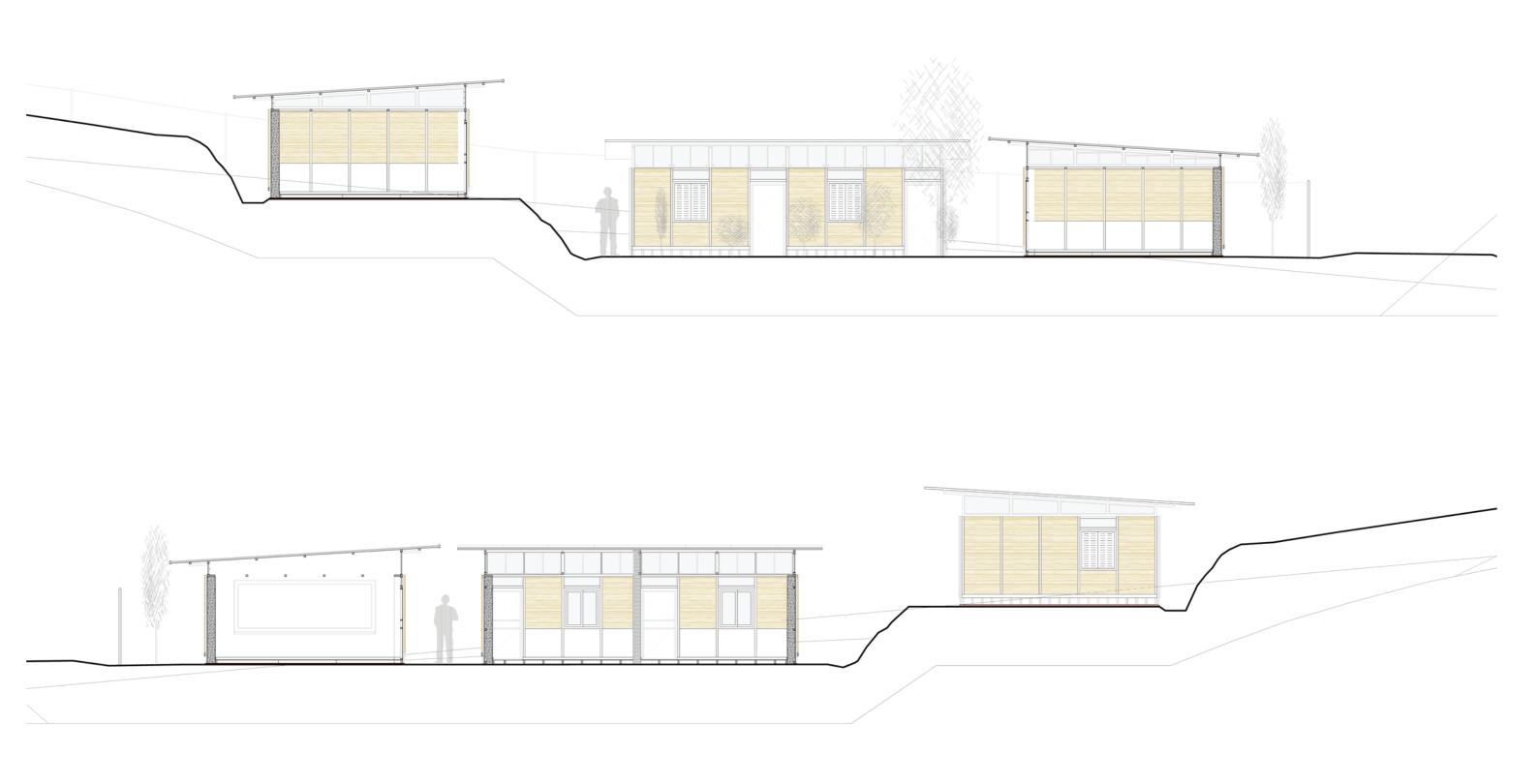
REHABILITATION OF ABU HINDI SCHOOL - INTERVENTIONS FOR TWO CLASSROOMS AND THE COURTYARD - ARCÒ SOCIETÀ COOPERATIVA

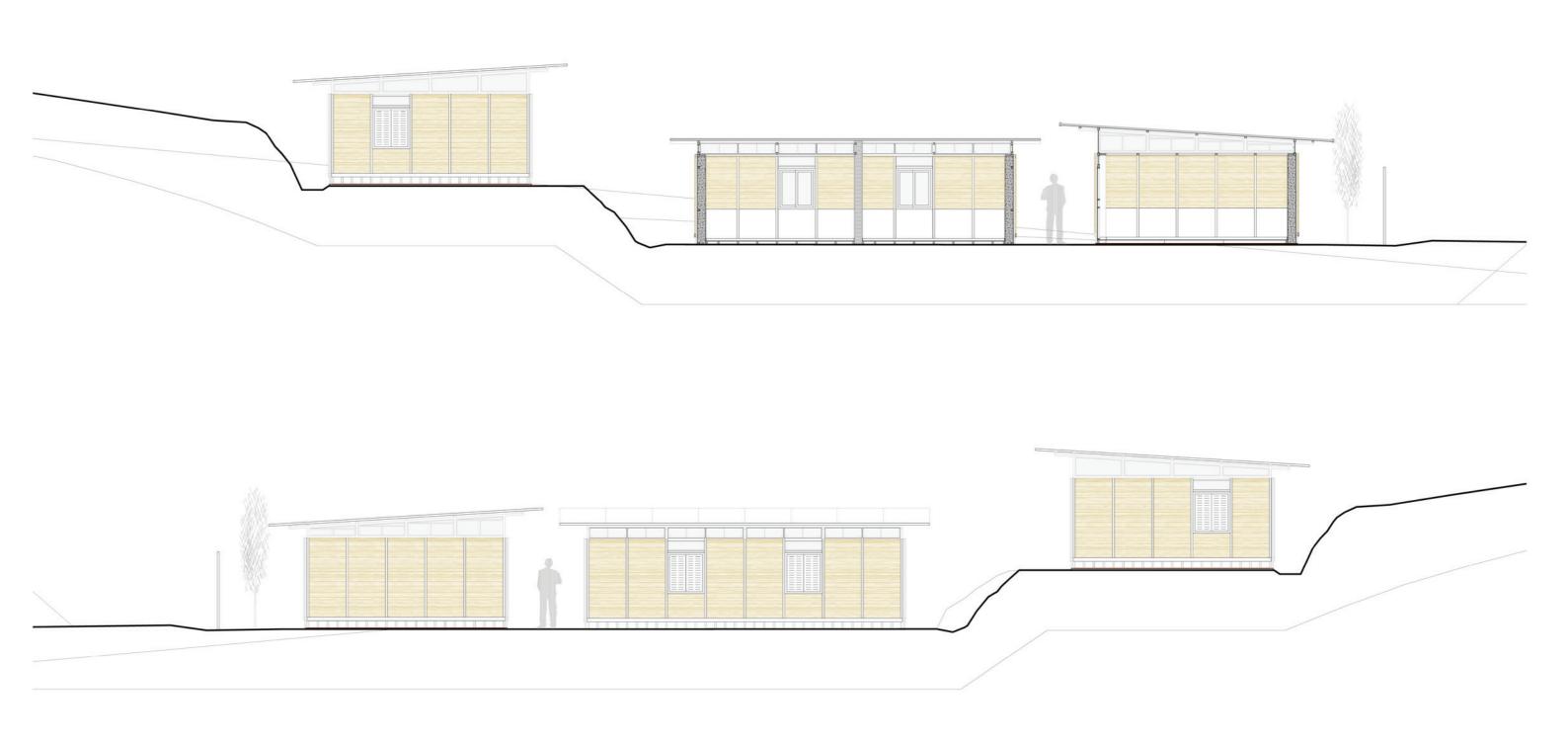


REHABILITATION OF ABU HINDI SCHOOL - INTERVENTIONS FOR TWO CLASSROOMS AND THE COURTYARD - ARCÒ SOCIETÀ COOPERATIVA

COURTYARD







REHABILITATION OF ABU HINDI SCHOOL

Interventions for two classrooms and the courtyard October 2012

Organization

VENTO DI TERRA N.G.O.

via Franchi Maggi, 94 20089 - Rozzano (MI), Italy ventoditerra@ventoditerra.org www.ventoditerra.org



Architectural Design

ARCò - Architettura e Cooperazione

ra e Cooperazione
Società Cooperativa
Via Lamarmora, 2
20122 - Milano, Italy
info@ar-co.org
www.ar-co.org